

# Road Traffic Control System in Cloud Computing: A Review

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## ABSTRACT

Road traffic on public roads around the world is a vital problem and is seemingly a major pre-emptive to conclusion makers. Urban regions have a great stack of traffic crashes. Many superimposed concepts of road traffic Gas lit, Wireless sensor networks have appeared in the past few years. The living methods for traffic management are not effective. At that place require for a hefty and scalable high-execution computing. Cloud computing is turning a good engineering to provide a potent and scalable computing at low cost. Therefore Sensor-Cloud is seemingly popular in recent years. This paper attempts to review these concepts and discusses their ending alignment with other phase of networks like Sensor-cloud network. The key obstructions to the successful acceptance of Sensor-cloud have been distinguished and directions for the existing and finally the conclusion have been discussed.

## Keywords

Cloud Computing, Sensor-cloud Network, Gas Lit, Wireless Sensor Network, Virtualization

## 1. INTRODUCTION

Traffic over-crowding is a critical trouble in many urban centers across the universe. The existing methods are not accurate in terms of performance and cost for traffic management and control. Urban region have a more problem of traffic crashes,

particularly when a bit of conjunctions take into thoughtfulness. [1].

The traffic signal is typically controlled by a controller inside a cabinet climbed on a concrete grid. Some electro-mechanical controllers are still in use [2]. Traffic control will turn a real significant topic in the hereafter when the number of road user's increases. There are several models for traffic simulation. Huge amount of traffic cause waiting and accidents. Due to heavy traffic emergency vehicles face adversities.

Cloud computing permits the systems and users to utilize Platform as a Service (PaaS) provider offer several environments to users for development of applications. The user can develop applications according to their requirements. Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS) that provides virtualized computing resources over the Internet, and Software as a Service (SaaS) provides software or application on the internet and customer used these, with no knowledge of development or maintenance [3]. Therefore, Sensor-Cloud base is seemingly popular recent years that can offer unfold and elastic program for various supervising and holding diligences.

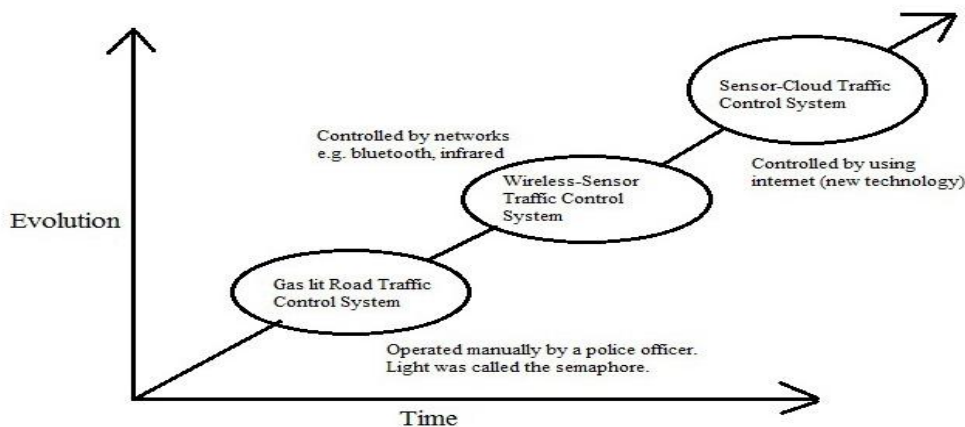


Fig 1: Evolution of Road Traffic Control System

A gas lit traffic control system is a manually operated by a police officer. The use of this system is very difficult due to burst. Nowadays, Wireless Sensor Network is used of controlling the traffic. Wireless sensor network is constructed of nodes. Sensor nodes basically sense data, collect data from other nodes then process that data and then transmit this collected data to the base station. It is proved that node require much power or energy to transmit data. The main concern is to save power to increase the life of sensor network. Wireless sensor network applications used in healthcare, military, environment

monitoring, and manufacturing [4]. Due to the limitations of WSNs in terms of memory, energy, computation, communication and scalability [5]. On that point demand for a mighty and scalable high performance computing for treating and storing of the WSN data.

Sensor-Cloud Infrastructure i.e. integrated version of Wireless Sensor Networks and Cloud Computing [6]. A large number of sensor data easily gather, access, process, store, share, and search for using Sensor-Cloud [7]. Sensor-cloud will be placed

at a particular space ahead the junctions which will notice the fastness and voice of siren at a specific doorway. On the foundation of the two junctions will be capable to downplay the traffic fall by inter-communication therefore allotting the right

time for red and green lights then emergency vehicles can go quickly [8].

**Table 1. Key attributes differentiating Old, Nowadays and Farther Road Traffic Control System**

Controlling Technology → Key Attributes ↓	Old Traffic Control System	Nowadays Traffic Control System	Farther Traffic Control System
Methods	Gas lit system	Wireless Sensor Network	Sensor-Cloud Network
Power Management	Dependent on human power	Do not have defined ability informants	Not dependent on load
Scalability	No	Limited Networks	Multiple Networks
Network Connectivity and Protocols	No	Dynamic	Static and Dynamic
Scheduling	No	Power management and sensor resource management	Support job and service migration
Performance	Less	Limited	High
Robustness	Limited, failed tasks are restarted	fixed, broken projects are restarted	secure
Virtualization Support	No	Yes	Yes
Elasticity	No	modified	inexhaustible

## 2. EXISTING TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEMS

### 2.1 Applied Research on Traffic Information Collection system

The distributed treatment of traffic information collection system is realized. In [9] paper author discussed the essential troubles in the effectuation and referred settlement schemes. This project used in working clients power, net analysis situs planning and time synchronization among nodes.

### 2.2 Platoon-Based Self-Scheduling for Real-Time Traffic Signal Control

Self-scheduling collects incoming vehicles into critical clusters. Author proposes [10] unfolded conclusion insurances that besides integrate look-ahead of upcoming vehicle platoons. The simulation effect show that the gain of this access is simple queue solving. The formation of “green waves” vehicles run through the road network without halting and amending overall traffic runs.

### 2.3 Intelligent Traffic Control Unit

The Intelligent Traffic Control Unit focuses on three areas-Ambulance, Priority vehicles and Density control [11]. In Ambulances radio frequency identification concept is applied to fix the Ambulances track Green. The outcomes distinctly state that gamiest priority is granted to the ambulance. Secondly in priority vehicles infrared transmitter and receiver are used to make the vehicle track Green. In the third part IR and photodiodes are used in the line of sight to detect the density at the traffic signal.

### 2.4 Automatic Daytime Road Traffic Control And Monitoring System

This theme [12] suggests a method for accurately calculating the routine of vehicles on a route at daylight. The running aims are evoked from a frame-differencing algorithm and the data from grain unit members. The algorithm acts good below hard road traffic conditions such as traces, flora and big trucks. The most significant trinket of the aimed method is the vestiges handling utilizing sole strength of B&W icons and top hat shifts.

### 2.5 Design of Adaptive Road Traffic Control System

This system based on UML. Author provides this proficiency for manipulating the traffic in main road network utilizing signs [13]. These signs are mechanically moderated aside sensors. To afford well advancement to vehicles through the road network these detectors coordinates the operation of the traffic signals in the entire area. The signal timing varies throughout the day while coordinating all the signals. It withdraws the addiction on less spoiled schemes on sign designs.

### 2.6 Priority Based Traffic Lights Controller

Author presented a vehicle sensing and active traffic signal time handling is used in priority based traffic light controller system [14]. The project is also designed to follow international standards for traffic light operations and control over multiple intersections. Both single and multiple intersections are dynamically adaptive to traffic conditions in these techniques.

**Table 2. Surviving technologies and key characteristics**

Existing Technologies	Key Feature
Priority Based Traffic Lights Controller	Used for robotic gate opening, VIP vehicles, GPS navigation system.
Applied Research on Traffic Information Collection System	Voltage diligences: High degree AC Voltage, vehicle tire pressure , planes ,ships potential troubles supervising before their navigate.
Intelligent Traffic Control Unit	This system uses the microcontroller to download registered data, update easy holdups, delete storage etc.
Platoon-Based Self-Scheduling for Real-Time Traffic Signal Control	Performance of composite operations in active surroundings manages.
Design of Adaptive Road Traffic Control System	This system uses the UML. UML is the standard visual modelling terminology which proposes an extended lot of plots for modelling.
Automatic Daytime Road Traffic Control and Monitoring System	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The varieties of measurements that can be achieved with cameras.</li> <li>• Shadows identification plays a key role.</li> </ul>

### 3 CONCLUSION

In this paper the role of Sensor-cloud in the setting of various living methods in road traffic control system is hashed out. Cloud Computing is development of these engineerings and has announced not to substitute any living technology. Each technology has its possess position and dissimilar technologies demand to mix unitedly in the IT environments. Sensor-Cloud enables the sensor information to be categorised, laid in and treated in such a style that it turns price-efficient, time usable and easily approachable . Sensor-cloud signifies to supply summed features and results to the problems that obsess these technologies. The opportunities of implementing the technology to treat more composite spots of traffic control system.

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